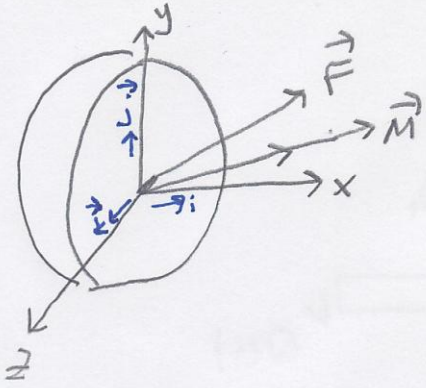


Kesit Tesirleri, İşaret ve Yönleri:



$$F = F_x \vec{i} + F_y \vec{j} + F_z \vec{k}$$

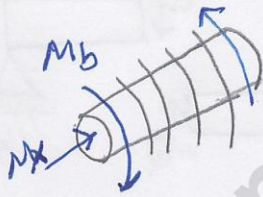
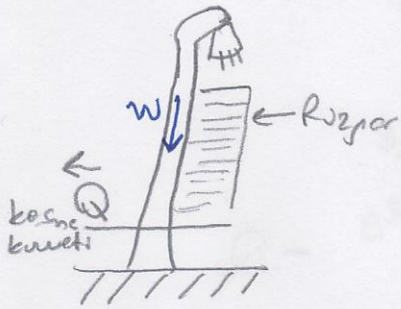
$$M = M_x \vec{i} + M_y \vec{j} + M_z \vec{k}$$

1) F_x : Normal kuvvet (N)

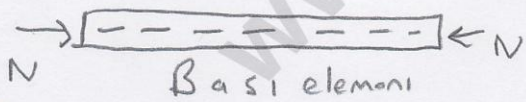
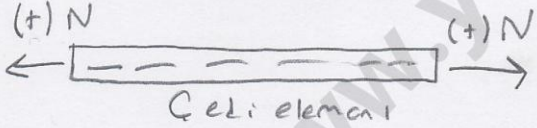
2) F_y, F_z = Kesme Kuvveti

3) M_x = Burulma (Döndürme Moment)

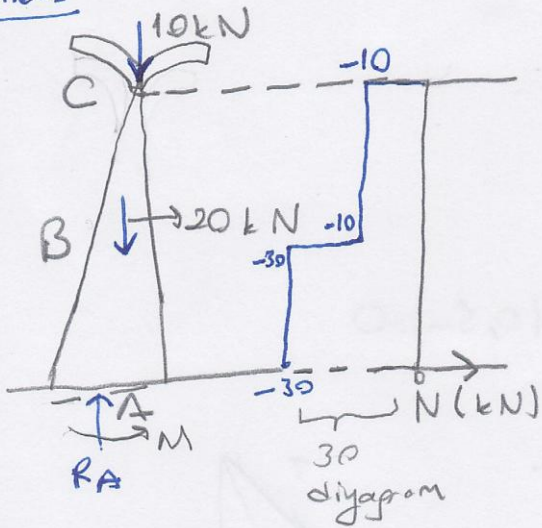
4) M_y, M_z = Epilme Momenti



1) Normal Kuvvet = (N)



örnek:



$$M = 0$$

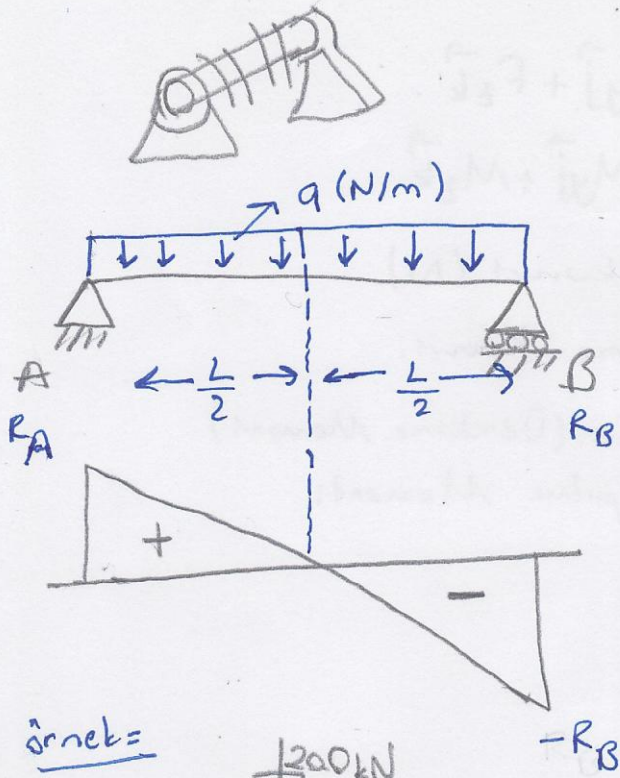
$$\uparrow \sum F_y = 0$$

$$-10 - 20 + R_A = 0$$

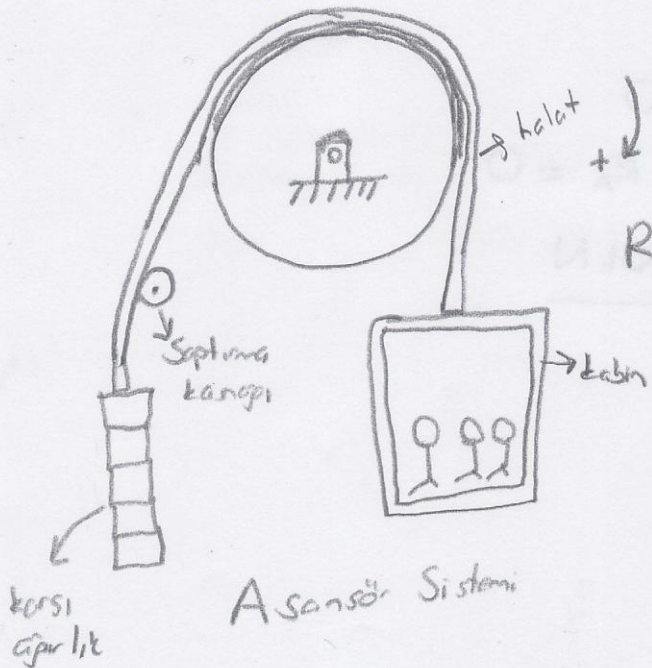
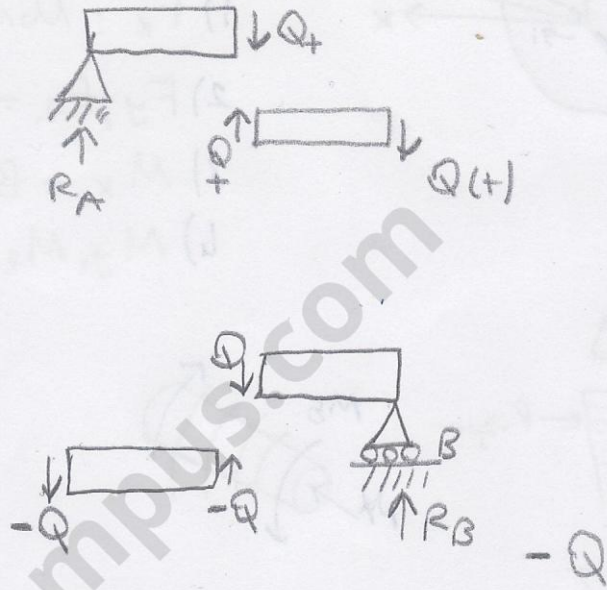
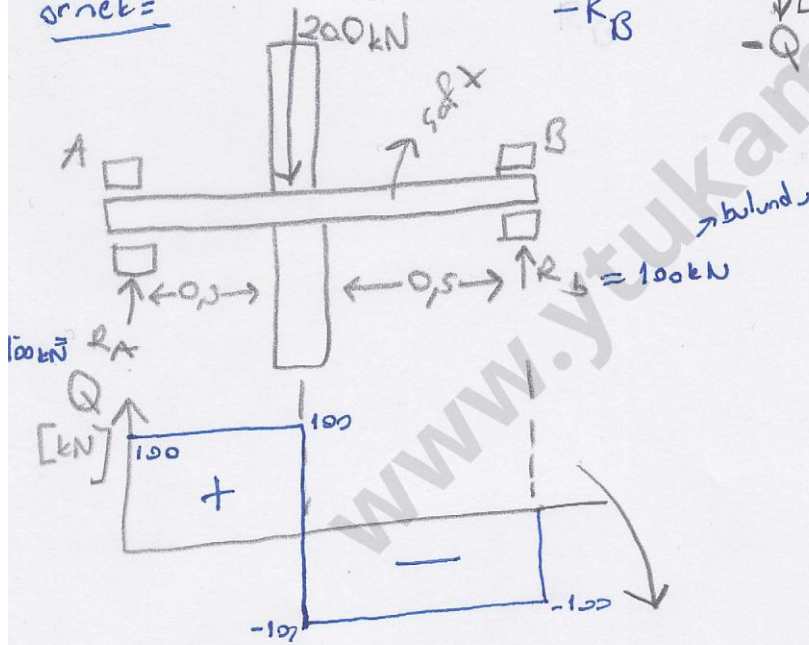
$$\uparrow R_A = 30 \text{ kN}$$

2) Kesme Kuvveti

2



örnek =



Asansör Sistemi

$$\sum M_B = 0$$

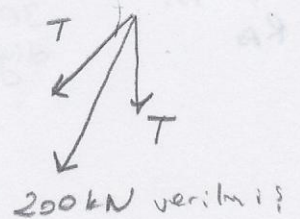
$$R_A(1\text{m}) - (200)(0.5\text{m}) = 0$$

$$R_A = 100\text{ kN}$$

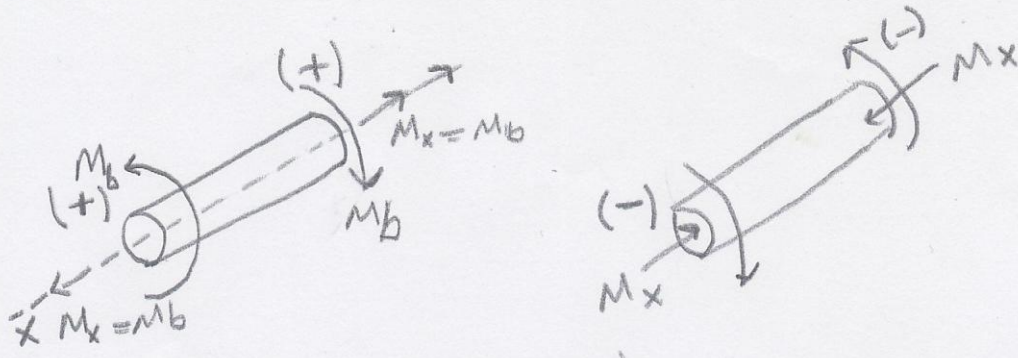
$$\sum F_y = 0$$

$$100 - 200 + R_B = 0$$

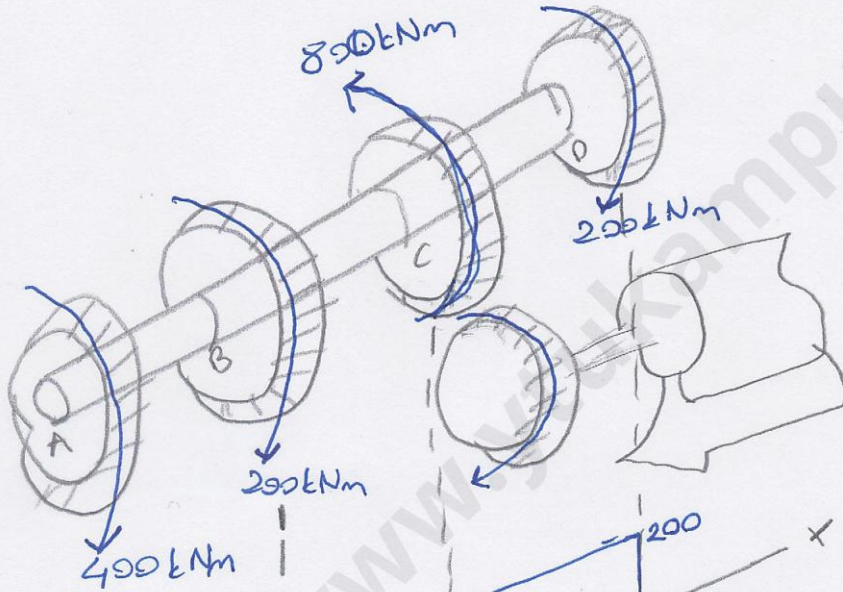
$$R_B = 100\text{ kN}$$



3) Burulma Momenti



Sap Eİ Kuralı (Yön Bulma)



← Diagram

$$M_{bAB} = -400 \text{ kNm}$$

$$M_{bBC} = -600 \text{ kNm}$$

$$M_{bCD} = 200 \text{ kNm}$$

Notun devamına www.ytukampus.com/ders-notlari adresinden ulaşabilirsiniz.